Navika Sagar Parikrama II: India's Bold Maritime Expedition

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The Navika Sagar Parikrama II is a pioneering maritime expedition undertaken by the Indian Navy, featuring two women officers, Lieutenant Commanders Roopa A and Dilna K, who are circumnavigating the globe aboard the Indian Naval Sailing Vessel (INSV) Tarini. This ambitious journey, flagged off on October 2, 2024, from INS Mandovi in Goa, aims to cover approximately 23,400 nautical miles over an eightmonth period, with an expected return in May 2025.

Expedition Route and Milestones

The circumnavigation follows a route with planned stops at four major ports:

- Fremantle, Australia
- Lyttelton, New Zealand
- Port Stanley, Falkland Islands
- Cape Town, South Africa

INSV Tarini successfully reached **Fremantle, Western Australia**, on **November 9**, **2024**, after a 39-day voyage covering **4,900 nautical miles**. The crew was warmly received by dignitaries, including the **Consul General of India in Perth** and representatives from the **Royal Australian Navy**.

A significant milestone was achieved when INSV Tarini **crossed Point Nemo on** January 30, 2025, at 12:30 PM (IST). Point Nemo, also known as the "Graveyard of Spacecraft", is the most remote location on Earth, situated at 48°53′S 123°24′W. The Spanish research vessel **Hesperides** was the first to reach this location in 1999. This achievement marks an extraordinary feat in maritime history.

The all-female crew of the INSV Tarini embarked on a journey to traverse **40,000 kilometres**, accomplishing a courageous feat in the **Pacific Ocean** by reaching a destination previously deemed unimaginable. The officers **recently completed the third leg of their journey**, navigating a remote stretch of the **South Pacific Ocean spanning 2,688 kilometres**, near **Ducie Island**, the nearest landmass.

Scientific Collaborations and Objectives

Beyond the sailing endeavor, Navika Sagar Parikrama II contributes to scientific

research in collaboration with various institutions:

- National Institute of Oceanography: Studying marine microplastics and ferrous content in the seas.
- Wildlife Institute of India: Exploring marine megafauna, including large sea mammals.
- **Defence Food Research Laboratory**: Providing customized pre-cooked Indian meals suitable for long voyages.
- **Sagar Defence**: Supplying drones to capture visuals of the entire voyage.

These collaborations aim to enhance understanding of marine ecosystems and support sustainable practices.

Extreme Challenges and Feats of Engineering

The Indian Navy's Navika Sagar Parikrama is currently in its second edition, showcasing a remarkable feat of maritime engineering. INSV Tarini, a 17-metre-long and 5-metre-wide sailing vessel, is undertaking this expedition solely powered by wind propulsion, with no engine or external support. The crew must navigate high seas and extreme weather conditions, covering more than 21,600 nautical miles (over 40,000 kilometres).

During the entire journey, the **equator must be crossed at least twice**. In **2017**, six women officers from the Navy successfully completed a similar circumnavigation.

The Significance of Point Nemo

Point Nemo is renowned for its **extreme remoteness**. The closest human presence is often the astronauts aboard the **International Space Station**, orbiting **400 kilometres overhead**. It is also known as the **"spacecraft cemetery"**, a designated location where **decommissioned spacecraft** are deliberately deposited at the end of their operational lives. **NASA's International Space Station** is planned to be **decommissioned in early 2031**, culminating in a controlled de-orbit into this oceanic graveyard.

Legacy and Impact

Navika Sagar Parikrama II builds upon the legacy of **India's first all-women circumnavigation** undertaken by the Indian Navy in **2017-18**. This expedition showcases the **capabilities and resilience** of women officers in maritime operations while emphasizing **India's commitment to gender equality** in the armed forces. It serves as an **inspiration** to future generations and marks a historic milestone in **India's**

maritime achievements.

As the expedition progresses, it continues to garner admiration, symbolizing a significant stride in maritime history and **women's empowerment** in the Indian Navy.

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