# Raji Tribe - UPSC Notes

# Why in News?

In *Khetar Kanyal*, a village dominated by the Raji tribe in **Pithoragarh district** of **Uttarakhand**, the *absence of any female candidate for the post of village pradhan* (head) has highlighted deeper socio-political and gender representation issues within this marginalized community.

#### **About Raji Tribe**

- Location: Primarily found in the Kumaon region of Uttarakhand, especially in the Pithoragarh district; also present in parts of western Nepal.
- **Other Names**: Also known as *Banrawats*, *Ben Manus*, and *cave dwellers* due to their traditional lifestyle.
- Classification: Listed as a Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PVTG) by the Government of India.
- Population: One of the smallest tribal communities in India.
- Language: Speak a Tibeto-Burman language called Bat-Kha.

#### **Traditional Lifestyle**

- Past Livelihoods:
  - Forest gatherers
  - Honey collection from wild beehives
  - Fishing and small-game hunting
- Present Livelihoods:
  - Transitioning to **agriculture**: rice, maize, and barley are staple crops.
  - Skilled in handicrafts, particularly weaving and bamboo basketry.

## **Religion and Beliefs**

- Practice a blend of **Hinduism** and **nature worship**.
- Rituals often revolve around forests, animals, and natural forces.

#### **Social Structure**

- Clan-based society: Each clan has distinct customs and traditions.
- Elders play a central role in conflict resolution and decision-making.
- Local self-governance through **Panchayats** ensures community cohesion.

#### **Housing and Architecture**

- Homes are built from **locally available materials**: wood, mud, and stone.
- Elevated construction to withstand harsh terrain, wildlife, and flooding.
- Settlements are usually in **forest or hilly areas**, consistent with their traditional lifestyle.

#### **Conservation and Challenges**

- As a PVTG, the Raji tribe faces challenges such as:
  - Loss of traditional livelihood due to forest conservation laws
  - Low literacy and poor health indicators
  - Limited political participation, especially among women
  - Cultural erosion due to modern influences

#### **UPSC Relevance**

- Static GK: Tribal groups of India
- Current Affairs: Gender and tribal rights
- Governance & Social Justice: Issues related to PVTGs, Tribal Panchayati Raj
- GS Paper I & II: Society, vulnerable sections, government policies

#### **Raji Tribe - Quick Facts**

Feature **State District**  Details Uttarakhand Pithoragarh Feature
Other Names
Language
Tribal Category
Primary Livelihoods
Religion

Details
Banrawats, Ben Manus, Cave Dwellers
Bat-Kha (Tibeto-Burman family)
Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PVTG)
Gathering, agriculture, handicrafts
Hinduism + Nature Worship

### **FAQs on Raji Tribe**

Q1. In which Indian state is the Raji tribe mainly found?

**Ans:** Uttarakhand

Q2. What is another common name for the Raji tribe?

**Ans:** Banrawats

Q3. Which district of Uttarakhand is primarily inhabited by the Raji tribe?

Ans: Pithoragarh

Q4. What language is spoken by the Raji tribe?

**Ans:** Bat-Kha (Tibeto-Burman language)

Q5. What is the status of the Raji tribe as per Government classification?

**Ans:** Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PVTG)

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