Summary of GST Reforms 2025: Relief for Common Man, Boost for Businesses

□□ Introduction

- GST, launched on **1st July 2017**, unified multiple central and state taxes, creating a common national market.
- After 8 years, the 56th GST Council Meeting (Sept 2025) approved Next-Gen GST reforms to simplify rates, reduce burdens, and drive economic growth.
- PM Modi announced these reforms as a **"Diwali gift"** to benefit the common man, MSMEs, farmers, women, youth, and middle-class families.

□ Key Features of Reforms

- Simplified Structure: Only two slabs 5% and 18% (removal of 12% & 28%).
- Essentials: Daily-use goods like soaps, toothpaste, breads → 5% or Nil.
- Healthcare: Life-saving drugs → Nil or 5%; medicines & medical devices → 5%.
- Vehicles & Durables: Small cars, two-wheelers, TVs, ACs, cement → 18%.
- **Farming:** Tractors, irrigation equipment, machinery → **5**%.
- Luxury/Sin Goods: Tobacco, pan masala, aerated drinks, luxury cars, yachts →
 40%.

Effective from 22nd September 2025.

□□ 7 Pillars of GST 2.0

- 1. Simplified 2-tier tax structure.
- 2. Relief for households & common man.
- 3. Empowering MSMEs with lower compliance burden.
- 4. Supporting farmers & agriculture.
- 5. Boosting manufacturing & exports.

- 6. Strengthening state revenues.
- 7. Driving consumption-led growth.

□□ Sector-Wise Benefits

□□ Household & Food

- Milk, paneer, Indian breads → Nil.
- Soaps, toothpaste, bicycles → 5%.
- Packaged foods (namkeen, sauces, chocolates, coffee) → 5%.
- TVs, ACs, dishwashers → **18%** (from 28%).

□□ Housing & Construction

- Cement → **18%** (from 28%).
- Marble, granite, bricks → 5%.
- Bamboo/wood packaging → **5%**.

□□ Automobiles

- Small cars, two-wheelers → 18%.
- Buses, trucks, auto parts → 18%.

□□ Agriculture

- Tractors, tyres, parts → 5%.
- Harvesters, irrigation equipment, poultry/bee-keeping machines → 5%.
- Bio-pesticides & menthol → **5%**.

□□ Service Sector

- Hotels (< ₹7,500/day) → **5**%.
- Gyms, salons, barbers, yoga → 5%.

□□ Toys, Sports & Handicrafts

- Man-made fibre & yarn → 5%.
- Handicraft idols, paintings, toys → 5%.

□□ Education

- Books, pencils, erasers, crayons → Nil.
- Geometry boxes, trays → 5%.

□□ Medical & Insurance

- Life-saving drugs & kits → Nil.
- Ayurveda, Homoeopathy, Unani medicines → 5%.
- Spectacles, medical devices, oxygen, thermometers → 5%.
- Life & Health Insurance premiums → GST Exempt.

□□ Wider Benefits for All

- Cheaper goods → higher savings → more consumption.
- MSMEs more competitive due to reduced input costs.
- **Simpler compliance** with two rates → fewer disputes, quicker refunds.
- Larger tax base & better revenue through voluntary compliance.
- Boost to domestic manufacturing & exports by correcting inverted duty structures.
- **Stronger social protection** with exemptions on insurance & essential medicines.

□ Performance of GST (2017-2025)

- Taxpayer base expanded from **66.5 lakh (2017)** → **1.51 crore (2025)**.
- GST collections doubled to ₹22.08 lakh crore in FY 2024-25, CAGR 18%.
- Avg. monthly collections rose from ₹82,000 crore (2017-18) → ₹2.04 lakh

crore (2025).

□□ Conclusion

GST 2.0 introduces **fairer**, **simpler**, **and growth-oriented taxation**. By lowering costs for essentials, boosting businesses, and exempting critical healthcare/insurance, the reforms ensure **ease of living** + **ease of doing business**.

Effective 22nd Sept 2025, they represent a milestone in India's journey toward inclusive prosperity and economic transformation.

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