

## Ken-Betwa River Linking Project (KBLP) - Simplified Overview

#### What is KBLP?

- A project to **transfer water** from the Ken River to the Betwa River, both tributaries of the Yamuna.
- Includes a **221 km-long canal** with a 2-km tunnel.
- Benefits:
  - Irrigation for **10.62 lakh hectares** (8.11 lakh ha in MP and 2.51 lakh ha in UP).
  - Drinking water for **62 lakh people**.
  - Power generation: **103 MW hydro** and **27 MW solar**.

#### Key Details

- 1. Launched by PM Modi: Foundation stone laid on December 25, 2024.
- 2. **Cost**: ₹44,605 crore (2020-21 prices).
- 3. Timeline: Expected completion in 8 years.
- 4. Phases:
  - **Phase-I**: Daudhan Dam, tunnels, and canals.
  - **Phase-II**: Includes Lower Orr Dam, Bina Complex Project, and Kotha Barrage.
- 5. Regions Benefitted:
  - **Bundelkhand** districts in Madhya Pradesh (e.g., Panna, Tikamgarh, Chhatarpur) and Uttar Pradesh (e.g., Jhansi, Lalitpur).

#### **Environmental and Social Concerns**

- 1. Impact on Panna Tiger Reserve:
  - Submerges **98 sq km** of the park, affecting tiger and wildlife habitats.
  - Deforestation of **2-3 million trees**.
- 2. Displacement:
  - Affects **5,228 families** in Chhatarpur district and **1,400 families** in Panna district.
  - Protests due to inadequate compensation.
- 3. Wildlife Risks:
  - Threatens gharial population in the Ken Gharial sanctuary.
  - Impacts vulture nesting sites.
- 4. Rainfall Deficit:
  - Studies suggest a **12% reduction in rainfall** in September due to water transfer.
- 5. Economic Viability: Questions raised on alternative irrigation methods in the Ken basin.



#### Background

- Agreement Signed: March 22, 2021, between the Centre and governments of Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh.
- Conceptualization:
  - Proposed in **2005**, declared a National Project in **2008**.
  - A detailed project report (DPR) was completed in phases by 2018.
- First Project under the National Perspective Plan (1980) for river interlinking.

#### Significance

- Aims to address **water scarcity** in Bundelkhand and **boost development** in drought-prone areas.
- Sets a precedent for future river-linking projects in India.

## **UPSC Mains Question**

Q. The Ken-Betwa River Linking Project is a landmark initiative aimed at addressing water scarcity and boosting development in drought-prone areas. However, it has sparked significant environmental and social concerns. Critically examine the potential benefits and challenges of the project. (250 words)

## MCQ

# Q. Which of the following statements about the Ken-Betwa River Linking Project (KBLP) is/are correct?

- 1. The project aims to transfer water from the Ken River to the Betwa River, both of which are tributaries of the Ganga.
- 2. The Daudhan Dam under KBLP will submerge parts of the Panna Tiger Reserve.
- 3. The project will generate both hydropower and solar power.

## **Options:**

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2, and 3

Answer: B. 2 and 3 only Explanation:



- Statement 1 is incorrect: Both Ken and Betwa are tributaries of the Yamuna, not the Ganga.
- Statement 2 is correct: The Daudhan Dam will submerge parts of the Panna Tiger Reserve.
- Statement 3 is correct: The project will generate 103 MW of hydropower and 27 MW of solar power.